

Legal & Regulatory Baseline



Legal & Regulatory Baseline for ERM (excl. Industry Specific Regulations)

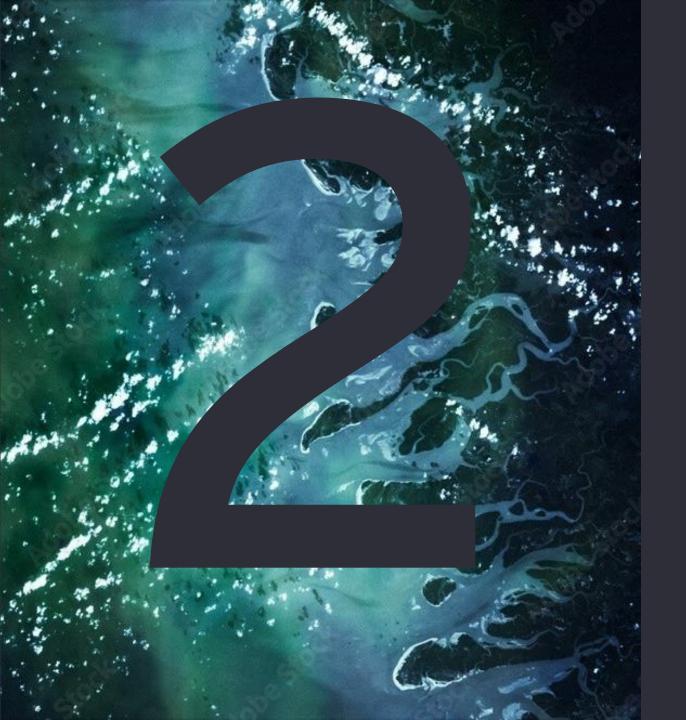
Legal baseline for risk management in Switzerland (for companies subject to statutory audit):

- **OR art. 716a:** risk management is part of board oversight responsibility (no further specific requirements)
- ▶ **OR art. 961c**: companies need to inform about their risk evaluation approach as part of their annual report (specifically as part of the management report)
- ▶ **OR art. 728a**: companies need to have an Internal Controls System which also needs to be audited by the external auditor (existence of an ICS only. Effectiveness not specified)

Further standards, frameworks and guidelines that are/might be relevant for Swiss based companies:

- Swiss Code of Best Practice for Corporate Governance: provides more detailed requirements for risk management as part of the board oversight responsibility than OR
- ▶ **Richtlinien über das Risikomanagement Bund**: Swiss federation issued guideline which sets certain risk management requirements for its federal bodies and state owned organizations
- ▶ ISO 31000 standard: provides fundamental principles for the establishment of a risk management system and framework in organizations (this is what most of our clients actually refer to)
- ► The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO): provides a comprehensive framework for Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) as well for Internal Controls (this is also what most of our clients refer to)
- ▶ DIIR Revisionsstandard Nr. 2: Prüfung des Risikomanagementsystems durch die Interne Revision
- ▶ IDW PS 340 audit standard: audit standard for early risk detection to audit against the legal requirements of § 91 Abs. 2 AktG (German law) to establish an early risk detection system. In Switzerland, these requirements have not (yet) been adopted, but some companies aim to voluntarily comply with the requirements of the IDW PS 340





Implementing ERM in Practice



ERM Framework Based on ISO 31000, COSO ERM and EY Good Practice

PLATFORM.

S ATAG

TECHNOLOGY

RISK

MANAGEMENT

PROCESS

Business Resilience

Identifies critical dependencies within your Risk Ecosystem and strengthens the vertical risk integration of risk management across risk-bearing objectives and key assets to be protected.

Platform, Data & Technology

Enables your Risk Management community to perform risk management activities in an integrated and efficient way based on a defined risk taxonomy and harmonized risk information across your risk management functions.

Risk Management Process

Defines the logical sequence of your risk management process activities of identifying & capturing, analyzing & evaluating, treating, reporting and monitoring risks throughout your organizational units.

Adaptive Risk Governance

Defines the steering framework, the regulatory framework as well as the organizational framework based on a clear link between your Risk Strategy and its overall business objectives.

Risk Ecosystem & Steering

Integrates Upside, Downside and Outside Risks as part of your Risk Universe. The Risk Ecosystem together with the Risk Strategy serve as a basis for deriving the risk capacity and risk appetite framework as well steering-relevant Key Risk Indicators (KRIs).

People & Culture

Driven by a clear allocation of tasks, competencies and responsibilities, Risk Culture refers to riskaware decisions and behaviors infused by the culturalism in moments that matter.

Taxonomy, Standards & Methodology

ADAPTIVE

RISK

GOVERNANCE

BUSINESS

RESILIENCE

TAXONOMY.

STANDARDS & METHO-

DOLOGY

RISK

ECOSYSTEM &

STEERING

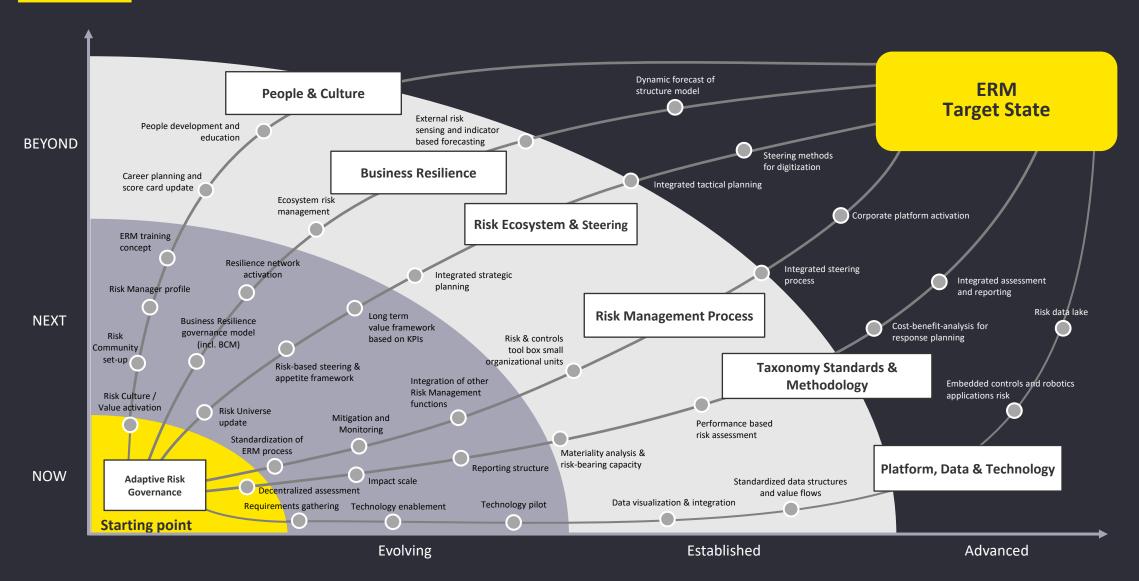
PEOPLE &

CULTURE

Sets the baseline for a coherent company-wide risk management language, incl. defined terms and definitions as well as standards around criteria, scales and thresholds.



Illustrative ERM Maturity Development Journey





Implementing ERM in Practice - Focus on Getting the Basics Right First

To build-up a holistic, yet pragmatic ERM program that is tailored to the organizational context, focus on getting the basics right first by building a solid framework foundation.

Minimum Requirements (Design)

Phase 3

Effectiveness

Phase 2



- RM Strategy, Risk Appetite & principles: define risk management strategy, risk appetite (strategic guidance only, operational layer can come later) and principles in line with overall strategy, values and objectives
- ERM Policy: create an ERM Policy based on defined risk management principles and objectives approved by the Executive Team and the Board

Taxonomy & Standards

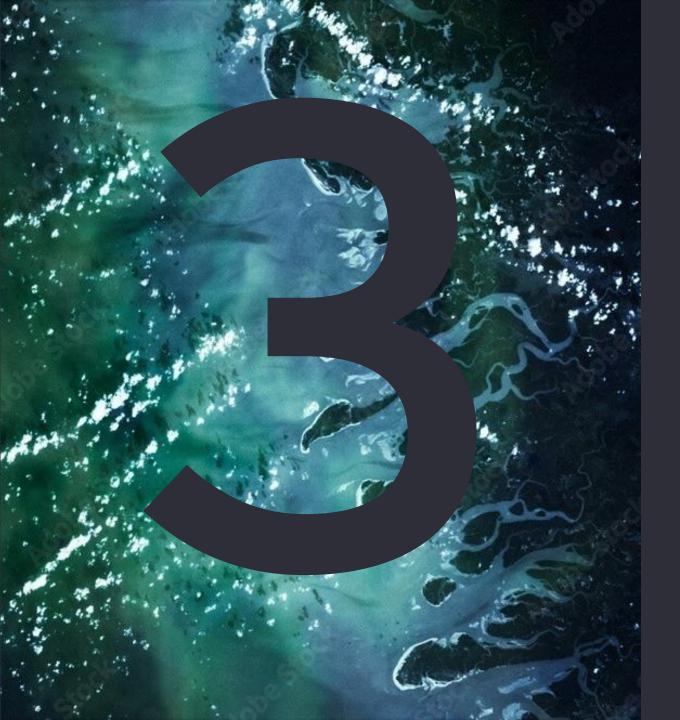
- ERM SOP: create a group-wide ERM Standard Operating Procedure (SOP), covering ERM governance, methodology, scales and risk management process
- Risk Universe: build-up a repository of relevant internal and external risk inputs
- Risk Register & Report: Create a structured Risk Register & Report to capture and assess aggregated key risk outputs
- Technology Enablement: Implement a user-friendly risk management platform, that supports the end-to-end ERM process

Methodology, Process & Tool

- Risk Community set-up: Formally set-up a
 Risk Community bringing together Risk
 Managers across the organization to
 understand the maturity level and the
 needs of the Risk Community
- Risk Awareness: Raise awareness around risk management and related accountabilities
- Training: Train Risk Community based on the newly defined ERM taxonomy, standards, methodology and procedures
- Communication & Exchange: Provide regular cross-functional and cross-regional risk management exchange platforms and "feed" the Risk Community with relevant input (e.g., studies)

Risk Community & Culture





Lessons Learned from Auditing ERM



Audit Key Findings from & Watchouts for Reviewing ERM Programs

- Monitoring and follow-up on mitigation measures: defined measures not being tracked and linked to budgeting cycle leading to reduced mitigation effectiveness
- 2 Insufficient ERM documentation: missing or incomplete ERM policies, procedures and operational documents
- Inconsistent level of risk awareness and maturity: ERM taxonomy, methodology and process not being lived or consistently applied across the organization
- Lack of guidance & enablement: lack of Risk Coordinator education, training and enablement (train the trainer) and insufficient technology platforms enabling the RM process
- Limited scope of risk assessment: not covering all functions, units, regions and risk areas from a strategic, financial, compliance, operational and sustainability perspective
- Coordination & collaboration across assurance providers: no integrated assurance approach across 2nd LoD and Internal Audit based on different methodology and taxonomy

Watchouts for ERM Audits

- "Preaching for the own church": Internal Audit is often perceived to be close to risk management and as such to push their own agenda and priorities. To ensure acceptance and objectivity, it is thus key stay fact-based and unbiased
- ► Ensure independence: apply Chinese walls between ERM and Internal Audit teams or use third party assurance to ensure independence
- ► Get the big picture: involve key stakeholders from a 360° perspective (top-down and bottom-up) to get a holistic view on how ERM is lived across the organization



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Managing of risks is not only about risk avoidance – Companies need to shift their focus to embrace opportunities and disruption to be prepared for the day after tomorrow.



Organizations that drive value generation, consider risk types holistically - aligned with the corporate strategy and development opportunities.



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